

Foundational Libraries in Naproche

Marcel Schütz

FAU Erlangen-Nürnberg

7 September 2023

CICM 2023, Cambridge, UK, 4–8 September 2023

EuroProofNet Joint WG4-WG5 meeting, Cambridge, UK, 6–8 September 2023



The Naproche System

Naproche = **Natural proof checking**

- ▶ Proof assistant
- ▶ Component of Isabelle

ForTheL = **Formula Theory Language**

- ▶ Naproche's input language
- ▶ Controlled natural language
- ▶ L^AT_EX-compatible

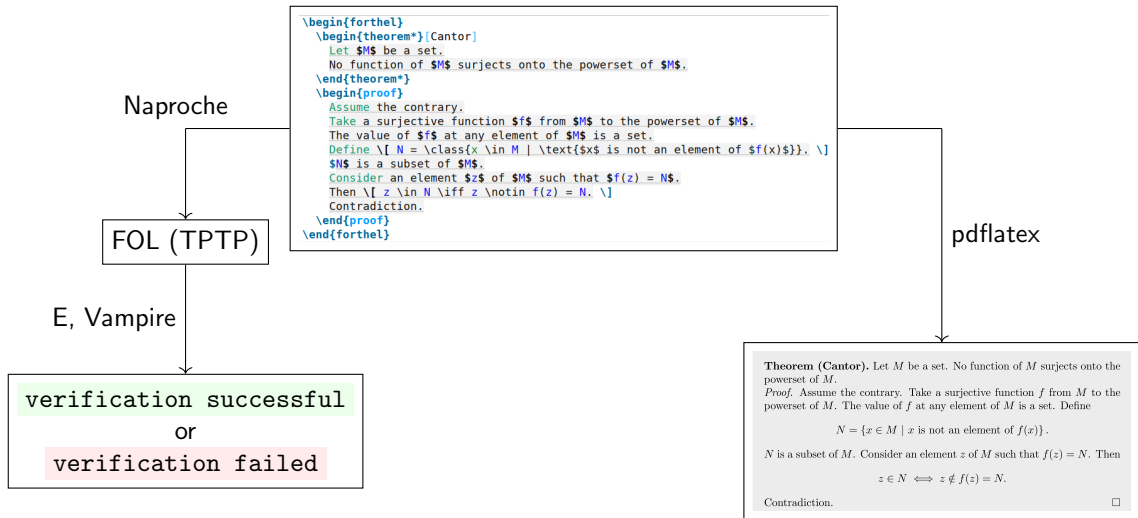
```
60 \begin{forthel}
61 \begin{theorem*}[Cantor]
62   Let  $S$  be a set.
63   No function of  $S$  surjects onto the powerset of  $S$ .
64 \end{theorem*}
65 \begin{proof}
66   Assume the contrary.
67   Take a surjective function  $f$  from  $S$  to the powerset of  $S$ .
68   The value of  $f$  at any element of  $S$  is a set.
69   Define  $N = \{x \in S \mid \text{the value of } f \text{ at } x \text{ is not an element of } f(x)\}$ .
70    $N$  is a subset of  $S$ .
71   Consider an element  $z$  of  $S$  such that  $f(z) = N$ .
72   Then  $z \in N$  iff  $z \notin f(z) = N$ .
73   Contradiction.
74 \end{proof}
75 \end{forthel}
```

[Reasoner] (file "/home/marcel/Naproche/Isabelle2022/contrib/naproche-20221024/examples/verification/successful")
[Main] (file "/home/marcel/Naproche/Isabelle2022/contrib/naproche-20221024/examples/cant sections 116 - goals 19 - trivial 0 - proved 27 - equations 0")
[Main] (file "/home/marcel/Naproche/Isabelle2022/contrib/naproche-20221024/examples/cant symbols 247 - checks 224 - trivial 215 - proved 9 - unfolds 20")
[Main] (file "/home/marcel/Naproche/Isabelle2022/contrib/naproche-20221024/examples/cant parser 00:00.84 - reasoner 00:00.18 - simplifier 00:00.00 - prover 00:08.52/00:00.15")
[Main] (file "/home/marcel/Naproche/Isabelle2022/contrib/naproche-20221024/examples/cant total 00:09.55")

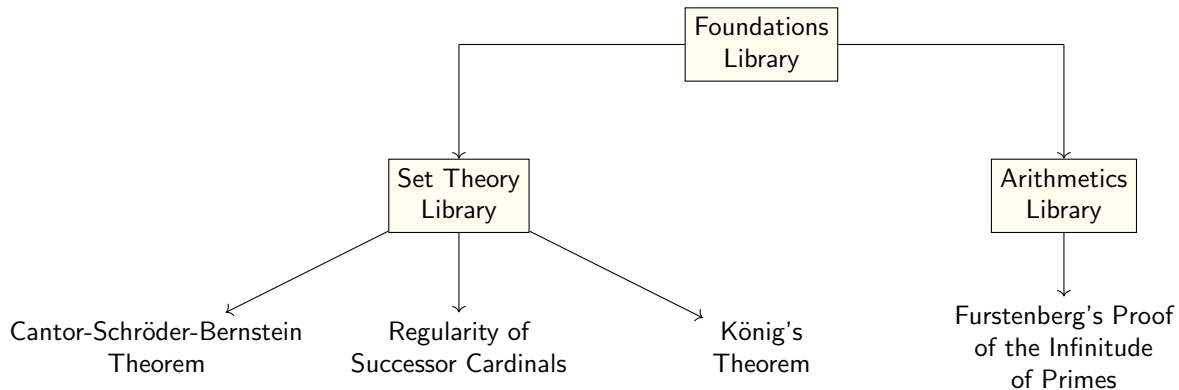
Output: Query/Sledgehammer Symbols
(latex:none,UTF-8-Isabelle) | nmr o UG 153/648MB | ML: 3/256MB | 15:52

Cantor's Theorem in Isabelle/jEdit

The Naproche System



Libraries in Naproche



ARITHMETIC_03_3235893452210176

Proposition 3.13. Let n, m, k be natural numbers. Then

$$n + (m + k) = (n + m) + k.$$

Proof. Define $\Phi = \{k' \in \mathbb{N} \mid n + (m + k') = (n + m) + k'\}$.

(1) 0 is contained in Φ . Indeed $n + (m + 0) = n + m = (n + m) + 0$.

(2) For all $k' \in \Phi$ we have $k' + 1 \in \Phi$.

Proof. Let $k' \in \Phi$. Then $n + (m + k') = (n + m) + k'$. Hence

$$\begin{aligned} & n + (m + (k' + 1)) \\ &= n + ((m + k') + 1) \\ &= (n + (m + k')) + 1 \\ &= ((n + m) + k') + 1 \\ &= (n + m) + (k' + 1). \end{aligned}$$

Thus $k' + 1 \in \Phi$. Qed.

Thus every natural number is an element of Φ . Therefore $n + (m + k) = (n + m) + k$. \square

Arithmetics: Proof by induction

FOUNDATIONS_10_1897613305577472

Axiom 10.29 (Choice). Let X be a system of nonempty sets. Then there exists a map f such that $\text{dom}(f) = X$ and $f(x) \in x$ for any $x \in X$.

Foundations: Axiom of choice

SET_THEORY_02_229593678086144

Definition 2.1. An ordinal number is a transitive set α such that every element of α is a transitive set.

Let an ordinal stand for an ordinal number.

SET_THEORY_02_5852994258075648

Definition 2.2. Ord is the class of all ordinals.

Set theory: Definition of ordinal numbers

Libraries are structured as books with a chapter-structure

→ Chapters can be referenced by their file names:

```
set-theory/sections/02_ordinals.ftl.tex
```

→ Chapters depend on each other:

```
[readtex foundations/sections/11_binary-relations.ftl.tex]
```

→ Definitions, theorems etc. can be referenced by unique IDs:

```
SET_THEORY_02_229593678086144
```

Chapter 2

Ordinal numbers

File: `set-theory/sections/02_ordinals.ftl.tex`

```
[readtex foundations/sections/11_binary-relations.ftl.tex]
```

```
[readtex set-theory/sections/01_transitive-classes.ftl.tex]
```

SET_THEORY_02_229593678086144

Definition 2.1. An ordinal number is a transitive set α such that every element of α is a transitive set.

Let an ordinal stand for an ordinal number.

SET_THEORY_02_5852994258075648

Definition 2.2. **Ord** is the class of all ordinals.

SET_THEORY_02_2358097091756032

We have $|F[\kappa_i]| \leq |\kappa_i|$ (by proposition 6.10).

Referencing statements from libraries:

→ Using the L^AT_EX package `xr`:

```
\usepackage{xr}
```

→ Specifying a library to reference to:

```
\externaldocument{set-theory/set-theory}
```

→ Using the referencing command `\cref{...}`:

```
\cref{SET_THEORY_06_8113916590686208}
```

```
\usepackage{xr}
\externaldocument{set-theory/set-theory}
```

...

We have $|F[\kappa_i]| \leq |\kappa_i|$
(by `\cref{SET_THEORY_06_8113916590686208}`).

...

Referencing a proposition

SET_THEORY_06_8113916590686208

Proposition 6.10. Let x, y be sets and $f : x \rightarrow y$ and $a \subseteq x$. Then $|f[a]| \leq |a|$.

Library	Checking time	Definitions/theorems/axioms
Foundations	~ 10 min.	235
Set Theory	~ 30 min.	100
Arithmetics	~ 30 min.	176

→ **Checking time** does not scale well with the size of a formalization in Naproche

Naproche rechecks each library whenever it is imported to another formalization.

→ Annoying **time redundancies**

We cannot use different theories in one document.

We cannot use theory morphisms.

We cannot work with instances of theories (i.e. mathematical structures).

→ ForTheL lacks a proper **module system**

Conclusion & Ideas for Future Work

We have: Both formal *and* human-readable libraries that integrate well in the \LaTeX workflow

Current Issues:

Scalability

→ Extending the scope of provers that ForTheL texts can be checked with (e.g. Isabelle, Lean, ...)

Time redundancy

→ Persistently storing caching results or proof objects